SUPPLEMENT NO. 1

William Washington File
Dear Dr. Reich:

This is to introduce to you, by way of the enclosed letter, William B. Washington, physicist-mathematician, formerly a student at the University of Chicago.

He is a young colored boy, contemporary with Mickey whom we both met while Mickey was also a student at the University of Chicago over two years ago. I realized at once, after talking with him, his genius in pure science. It wasn't easy to do so, as he is a completely self-effacing and absorbed philosopher-mathematician. Later correspondence, proved to me the importance of helping him financially for the past two years, so that he could give up the time he necessarily had to give to earn his board and keep. His tuition was paid by scholarship at the University. All this information was obtained only by hard pushing by Mickey and myself, as he does not speak readily.

This is NOT just ANOTHER PHYSICIST. His total orientation, when he evolves it in scientific language and proof, will disprove the theories of Einstein.

It is difficult to present such a mind in terms. You would have to meet and talk with him yourself, to feel the weight and contribution of his thinking.

Several weeks ago, and for the first time, I asked him if he felt his equations were directly in affinity with your work, a fact I already judged for myself, but I wanted to hear him affirm it, and would he consider studying and working with you in Maine this summer, if you would be interested to have him do so. (Naturally, this had always been my objective) I did not want to speak of him to you, until the time was ready, when he would feel prepared.

On the physical side of his personality, to give you some picture of the UNOBSERVINGNESS of his being, he is a completely silent little man of about five feet tall, who has nothing to say to anyone, except in direct probing, in philosophical and mathematical terms, and this is borne out
Dear Mrs. Sharaf;

I am particularly concerned at present with studies of the character of mathematical proof, and of course any attempt to rigorize a domain of physical science in terms of mathematical proof would be of extreme relevance to these pursuits. When said domain happens to be the Orgone Biophysics of Wilhelm Reich, a strongly affective component reinforces the merely intellectual interest involved. I was therefore greatly enthralled with the project of working with Reich this summer. However, I am very sorry that I cannot give a definite answer at this time. For I am at present engaged with a small group, including Professor Carnap, in a study of Probability and the Theory of Classes. Since this particular facet of mathematical thought lies at the base of most of modern mathematics as well as all of modern science, it is far from being unrelated to the task of mathematicizing Reich's work.

As you may know, mathematics, and science as well is still plagued with controversies concerning the 'discrete' and 'continuous',(? the most noteworthy modern example being Quantum Mechanics and Relativity. What I think is of very great value in Reich's work is the fact that Reich avoids such a disjunction by insisting upon a completely phenomenological point of view. If our study of the theory of classes should bear fruit, we may establish a basis for a very powerful new mathematical tool, a sort of "glorified tensor calculus", with which to synthesize a completely phenomenological physics, i.e., Reich's.

It is very difficult to make a choice between continuing this work and doing therapy work with Reich for it is certainly possible, even probable that working with Reich would increase our chance of success. I would therefore, if it would not be too inconvenient, prefer to wait until about the 1st of April before definitely deciding for this summer. Unless the work here by then shows very real promise of success, I would feel very honored to work and study under Reich. I am very grateful for your confidence in my ability and am extremely sorry that it was necessary to be so delinquent in replying.

Yours,

(signed) Bill Washington
Dr. Wilhelm Reich  
99-06 Sixty-Ninth Ave.  
Forest Hills, New York.  

March 1947

Dear Dr. Reich:

I am writing to enquire as to the possibility of working under you this summer at the Rangeley Lakes Laboratory. I became acquainted with your work at the University of Chicago about two years ago, at which time I studied your book "The Function of the Orgasm" and various issues of the Journal of Sex-Economy. I have the greatest respect for your work, and would feel very much honored to possess an opportunity to share in it. I expect to receive a Ph.D. in mathematics this year, and although my major interest in mathematics has been in the field of mathematical physics, including tensor analysis and relativity, I am especially concerned at present with an analysis of the character of mathematical proof, and an attempt to rigorize a domain of physical theory in terms of mathematical proof would be of extreme relevance to these pursuits.

As you know, the utility of mathematical abstraction in the construction of physical theory consists in the possibility of correlating certain properties of the physical system under study with selected abstract features of a given mathematical domain. Thus, in elementary mechanics, when a particle moves from point A to point B under the action of a variable force in the direction of motion, we correlate the physical concept of a varying force with the mathematical concept of a continuous function $F(x)$ and we are thus enabled to define the physical concept 'Work' mathematically, i.e., $W = \int F(x) dx$.

Physics thus becomes wedded to mathematics, and the fruit of their marriage, modern science, falls heir to the infirmities of both parents. Hence both modern physics and modern mathematics are plagued with the necessity of admitting non-demonstrable concepts in order to explain otherwise unintelligible 'facts.' Studies in the foundations of mathematics, the theory of classes, Mengenlehre, lead to the possibility of constructing a completely phenomenological mathematics. The work which you have done with Orgone Energy leads to the possibility of constructing a completely phenomenological physics. The ultimate source of validity in a mathematical system, considered as mathematics, is in its 'inner harmony,' the consistency of its postulates and the precision of its reasoning. The ultimate source of validity in a mathematical system considered as a tool for the physicist lies in the relations posited between the mathematical and physical domains and the structural resemblances of those two domains. Because it would be invalid to apply purely abstract criteria in ascertaining the structure required of a completely phenomenological mathematics, I would therefore welcome the opportunity to come to Rangeley Lakes and consider first hand a physics devoid of meaningless abstractions.

It is my fondest hope, even belief, that such work as this would be of interest, relevance, and worth to you in your most important researches.

Very sincerely yours,

William W. Washington
Dr. William B. Washington
1320 Arnold Avenue
Chicago Heights, Ill.

Dear Dr. Washington:

Mr. Shoraf has already told me about you and your intentions. It is difficult to reach a decision in regard to your proposition. I shall not be able to accept any students for work during this summer, since I shall be busy with hard work on orconometry. But I see the possibility that you might help in the development of the mathematical side of orcone physics. The best thing to do would be to have a discussion first. Are you coming to New York during the next 4 weeks? Or could you come to New York for this purpose? It is too complicated to be expounded in a letter.

I understand from which direction you come to meet orcone physics.

I shall be leaving for Maine in about 4 weeks.

Sincerely yours,

With Best
Saturday, April 26, 1947
1320 Arnold Avenue
Chicago Heights, Illinois

Dr. Wilhelm Reich
99-06 Sixty-Ninth Ave.
Forest Hills, New York

Dear Dr. Reich:

I received your letter of April 19. I will be in New York for a few days, beginning Wednesday, May 14, at which time I could most conveniently discuss with you. However, I could arrange to come earlier if that should be desirable.

I shall look forward to meeting with you then.

Very sincerely yours,

[Signature]

William B. Washington
A discussion took place on May 15 and May 16, 1947 at Orgone Institute Research Laboratories in which Dr. A. A. Rehman from the University of Chicago Reich informed Mr. William Washington concerning the following problems of Orgone Physics: the principle of functional identity in Orgone Biophysics, investigation of the problem of 1000 or equal to 100 cm., the principle of superimposition in cosmic functioning, the reduction to the common denominator of facts of mechanistic science, and the possibility of Dr. Washington doing some physical and mathematical research for the Orgone Institute at Oregon, Maine during the summer months of 1947.

Wilhelm Reich

William Washington

200 Newfield Street
Cambridge, Mass.
50 Holland Road
Brookline 46, Mass.
May 27, 1947

Dear Dr. Reich:

I have so far obtained the following information regarding the Geiger-Mueller Counter. We might be able to borrow one from Harvard University, if you would send them a letter of statement as to Research Institute identification, and fragmentary statement of nature and purposes of research, to establish credentials so that they would feel free to loan same. I am today investigating the purchase availability at a laboratory in Boston, but since I have learned that the type Counter we would need costs about $750 it might be wise to try to borrow one which is already at the University. The instrument if purchased is not ready for delivery until July. I have also written to a company in Philadelphia (Herbach & Rademan) for their circulars concerning the Counters, asking one to be mailed to you, and one sent to me, as I understand they can be purchased more reasonably through them.

Very truly yours,

J.C. Street

Dr. J.C. Street
Room 367
Jefferson Physical Laboratory
Harvard University
Cambridge, Mass.
SECURED APPOINTMENT THURSDAY AT HARVARD. LEAVING FRIDAY.
COULD WE HAVE SASK. CONFERENCE SATURDAY=
BIL WASHINGTON.

422P.

SASK ALSO BIL WASHINGTON.

THE COMPANY WILL APPRECIATE SUGGESTIONS FROM ITS PATRONS CONCERNING ITS SERVICE
Thursday, VIII. 14. 47

Dear Dr. Washington,

I have changed my mind. In view of the strangeness of the phenomenon, to any nuclear physicist, I prefer to wait and not to expose my discovery to misinterpretations. Therefore, I would like to cancel your trip to Boston. I shall let you know when I can see you again.

Sincerely,

Willy Pohl
Dr. Wilhelm Reich
77-06 69th Ave.
Forest Hills, New York

Dear Dr. Reich:

I was glad to receive your letter. I have no personal plans to be in New York in the near future, but I could come down at whatever time you would wish. For me, any weekend would be the most convenient time, preferably Sunday or, if decided, Saturday. When I do come to New York, at whatever date you set, I can bring the work which I have completed, No. 75.

Having been settled at Harvard, my academic work is progressing well.

I look forward to hearing from you.

Sincerely yours,

Wm B. Washington
October 10, 1917

Mr. Wm. B. Washington
100ropolk street
Cambridge, Mass.

Dear Mr. Washington:

Any Saturday afternoon at 3:30 would suit Dr. Reich, but please write us ahead of time which Saturday you decide upon.

Sincerely yours,

Assistant
Refuse all information on unpublished material to anybody. Nobody has right to republic content.

Washington
200 Norfolk St
Cambridge

Washington
200 Norfolk St
Cambridge
Dear Dr. [ surname ]

I am unable to return the information you may have on any published or semi-published facts or theories. The F.G.P. has no right to ask questions concerning current secret.

Also, he clear is want about the fact that the investigating officer can recall in any Government. He is only an inquiry officer. He may recall in any manner and have his own questions to ask our.

Sincerely,

[ Signature ]

No. 77
asked Dr. Silverstone to call
Washington makeappel
monday, 3.30 pm

Dr. Wilhelm Reich
Forest Hille, New York,

Dear Dr. Reich;

December 31, 1947
Chicago, Ill.

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of the
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Since during the month of January we have what
is called the reading period at Harvard and there
are no regular classes it would be possible for one
to come to New York on a day other than Saturday
if that would be convenient. Therefore, if possible,
I would like to see you on Monday, January 12 at 3:30 or on Tuesday, January 13 at the same time. Otherwise I could see you the following Saturday, January 17, at 3:30.

I shall be back in Cambridge sometime next week.

Very truly yours,

Wm B Washington

January 25, 1948

Mr. Wm. Washington
200 Norfolk St.
Cambridge, Mass.

ARCHIVES of the
ORGONE INSTITUTE

Dear Mr. Washington-

Dr. Reich would like you to find out the exact title and publisher of the publications by Fitzgerald and Lorentz. They both wrote some papers trying to save the ether. You could probably find out for us where we could get these publications. If you have a chance to buy them, will you kindly do so, and send them on to Dr. Reich. We will reimburse you on your next visit.

Very truly yours,

Secretary
Dr. W. H. Reid
Street Niles, New York

Dear Dr. Reid:

I will have completed the mathematical work for this month by Saturday, February 20 and could see you at 3:30 P.M. on that date, if it would be convenient for you. Mickey and I have been working on the manuscript and have found it very valuable as a key to the understanding of energetic localization. I shall bring what we have compiled together with suggested revisions when I come to New York.

I was unable to purchase either the treaties of the Fitzgerald express so I ordered by mail the twenty copies, which were the only ones available at the library. I hope they were sufficient for your purpose.

Very truly yours,

D. R. Hutchinson

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of the
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Monday, February 1, 1916

200 West 16th St.

HARVARD UNIVERSITY
CAMBRIDGE, MASSACHUSETTS
March 9, 1948

Dear Dr. Reich,

We were originally given the first 814 pages of Energetic Functionalism. The pages you gave me at our last meeting were duplicates of pages 156 to 204 so we now have two copies of these. You also gave me 22 new pages to be translated; pages 11 and 12 were missing, but we thought you had decided to leave them out of the article. Recently we received pages 12; we need now only page 1. We will send you sections as soon as we complete them. We can send the 22 page article in about a week, if we get page 11 soon.

Sincerely,

Mrs. B. Washington

We do have the tissue copies of 156 to 183 that Miss Schmidt asked especially about.

Page 12 seems to follow from page 10 unless off by this time, or do we need page 11?
March 11th, 1946

Archives of the Oregon Institute

Dear Mr. Washington:

I note the mistake I made. I

1. Please, send back by registered mail the original German manuscript, page 156 - 204.

2. There is no page 11 of the short communication. Page 12 continues after page 10.

Please, send all typed pages of the translation as soon as you can, in parts, for reading and correction.

Continue the translation up to page 214.

Our next meeting would be possible on April 3rd.

Sincerely,
April 7th, 1929

Mr. William Washington
200 Norfolk Street
Cambridge, MASS.

Dear Mr. Washington:

When you had left, the following occurred to me:
As you go ahead with formulating functional equations, please keep in mind that the "energy symbol E" is an abstract term, while its constituents \( \text{m}.1.t^{-1} \) has definitive concrete factual content. The same is valid for the constituents of Planck's energy quantum

\[ E = \text{m}.1.t^{-1} \cdot \text{v} \]  \( \text{v} \) is frequency.

If you arrange the classical and the Planck energy formula in the form of a functional equation, it looks like this:

\[ E \quad \frac{\text{m}.1.t^{-1} \cdot \text{v}^2}{\text{m}.1.t^{-1} \cdot \text{v}} \]

What varies is only \( \text{l}.1. \) against \( \text{v} \).

\( \text{m}.1.t^{-1} \), that means the impulse, seems to constitute a part of the common functioning principle. Now both \( \text{l}.1. \) and \( \text{v} \) constitute velocity = \( \text{v} \). Since velocity is the logical term for movement, varying in two opposites as follows:

\[ \text{v} \]

\[ \text{v} \]

It is also the common functioning principle in terms of energy function of both even motion (\( \text{v} = \text{l}.1.t^{-1} \)) and periodic wave motion (\( \text{v} = \text{l}.1.t^{-1} \cdot \text{v} \)).

Try to study this further, I think it is important. I am sure you will succeed.

Enclosed is a legalized statement on the vacuum phenomena for you to keep for further reference.

Sincerely,

Wilhelm Reich, M.D.
April 15th, 1948

Dear Mr. Washington:

Could you kindly try to find out the following data for Dr. Reich:

- Name of article and book,
- Name of publication,
- Name of authors
- Year of publication

in which the original report of the Michelson-Morley Experiment appeared. Also the same data on the first publication of Einstein's abolition of the ether and the main counter arguments.

Please forward these data to us whenever you have them ready.

Sincerely yours,

[Signature]

No. 86
Dear Mr. Washington:

I had to change some of my plans because of change in experimental work. What I need at present most badly is a survey of the literature on the ether problem, as extensive as possible, taking in the most important writings three centuries back, with short but well-planned excerpts of the main theses and opinions as well as objections.

Would you kindly notify me whether it would be possible for you to do this job for me during the month of May, in order to enable me to proceed with the write-up on the ether problem beginning of June.

You will understand that such a review on the other literature would have to be done with regard to the ether problem as seen from the standpoint of Orgonomy, and not in regard to some irrelevant mathematical or other type of argumentation. The core of the review would be the relation of the earth moving through space in relation to the surrounding ether, leading up to the Michelson experiment.

Sincerely,

Wilhelm Reich, M.D.
Dr. Wilhelm Reich
Forest Hills, New York

Dear Dr. Reich:

I apologize for the lateness of my reply to your questions but I was unable to contact the chief engineer at Tracerlab for several days, since he was out of town. I was able to secure the following information:

The Autoscaler when used in conjunction with the Eagle Reset Counter will totalize 1,300,000 counts and will thus more than fulfill your requirement of being able to count from 100,000 to 200,000 counts per minute. The total cost of these two instruments would be $830, the cost of the Autoscaler alone being $750 and the cost of the Eagle reset counter being $80. Delivery might be expected within two to three weeks of placing an order.

I am sending you under separate cover bulletins describing further the specifications and operations of the Autoscaler.

I have begun an investigation of the literature on the ether problem as you requested in your letter. I would like to know whether you wish me to continue the work done in April on the transformation of classical equations into functional form or do you wish to see me this month to
discuss that work. I understood from your letter to Mickey that you wished me to continue with both these work problems and to present the results when Mickey and I came to Rangeley about the first of June. In this case I wonder if it would be possible for you to advance me $50 on the work done in April, as I do have need of the money. I would appreciate very much your kindness in this respect.

Both the mathematical work and the reference work on the ether problem are coming along very well. Mickey and I expect to have fully completed and corrected the translation of the manuscript within the next two or three weeks. We are looking forward to a fruitful summer in Rangeley.

Very sincerely yours,

Wm B Washington

William B. Washington
Dr. Wilhelm Reich
99-06 69th Avenue
Forest Hills, New York

Dear Dr. Reich:

The routine for this year's work at Harvard has become sufficiently established for me now to be able to say that I will be able to devote some time this year to orgone work. I am therefore ready to come to New York as soon as you would wish, if you feel that there will be work for me this year. I could come this Saturday, October 23, or my following Saturday.

I enjoyed this summer's work and wish again to express my appreciation for the privilege of working for you. I have made an appointment to see Dr. Grout and will tell you what occurs.

Very truly yours,

William B Washington
Dear Mr. Washington:

I have your letter of October 18th. There is, of course, very much work to be done in connection with experimental and orgoneometric tasks, and I would prefer you to anybody else, since you have become well acquainted with the work during the past two years. The difficulty is that you are not in New York. Whether or not it will be possible that you work for the Orgone Institute in Boston, depends on how your ideas on this subject will be.

I would suggest that you come to New York on Saturday, October 23rd, to discuss the practical side of the problem. There is no lack of subjects to be worked upon.

Please confirm the appointment as to the exact hour when you can be here in Forest Hills.

Sincerely yours,

[Signature]

Wilhelm Reich, M.D.
Tuesday, November 16, 1948
200 Norfolk Street

Dr. Wilhelm Reich
Forest Hills, New York

Dear Dr. Reich:

Mickey Sharaf has told me that there were difficulties involved in getting the orgone motor to operate. I had hoped that I would be able to come to New York today, Tuesday to aid in this but I will be unable to leave school this week. However I can be in New York this Monday, November 22 and could look at the motor then.

I am sorry to have to give thus short notice but I had hoped until the last minute that I might be able to come in today.

Very truly yours

William B. Washington
Thursday, December 16, 1948
200 Harvard Street
Cambridge, Mass

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Dear Dr. Reich:

I was unable to attend the meeting last night as I had expected. However, I can say definitely that I will be in New York this Saturday and can see you at 3:30 P.M., if that is convenient. I will bring with me the completed theoretical work, the manometers, and plans of the motor.

Very truly yours,

[Signature]
Dr. Wilhelm Reich  
Forest Hills, New York  

Dear Dr. Reich:

I have searched very diligently through the physics texts at Harvard and have found that the calculation you desire cannot be done within the framework of present mathematical physics. For classical physics, while the electron-volt is considered as a measurement of work (1 electron-volt equals the work done when an electron is moved from one point to another differing in potential by one volt) and is hence expressible in terms of energy (1 electron-volt $= 1.60 \times 10^{-13}$ erg), the "volt" for most purposes is considered as a measure of "potential difference", a static concept not expressible in energy terms. For dynamical purposes, "the volt" is defined as the unit of electromotive force - 1 volt equals that electromotive force which steadily applied in a conductor whose resistance is one ohm will produce a current of one ampere.

Thus any measurement of the energy content of a volt must, as a result of this definition, take into consideration the amount of current flow. This dependence of the volt upon the ampere was adopted by an international congress of scientists and mathematicians in 1893, after considerable discussion.
That this is certainly an invalid procedure can be seen from a consideration of electroscopic phenomena. Here "volta" evidence themselves in an instance of a most obvious kind of energy, kinetic energy, in the deflection of the leaf of the electroscope. And without a dependence upon any concepts of current flow, such as "ampere" or "coulomb." It would seem that a determination of the energy content of a volt could be made by obtaining the work that must be done, in ergs, to obtain a deflection of the leaf, corresponding to a given number of volts.

The "volt" may be transformed into the Electrostatic C.G.S. System as "esvolt" (1 volt = 1/200 esvolt) or into the Electromagnetic C.G.S. System as "abvolt" (1 volt = 10^8 abvolts) but in both these cases an energy measurement can be obtained only by introducing the concept of current flow.

In the calculation I made, as you observed, I took 1 coulomb as the factor of current flow, obtaining 1 volt x 1 coulomb = 10^7 ergs. Since I could make no energy determination without introducing a unit of current flow, I felt that 1 coulomb would be the most convenient value, since energy results for high valued of current could be obtained by simply multiplying 10^7 by the number of amperes, and lower values by simply dividing.

I am enclosing as you asked, an itemized account of the parts I have thus far obtained for the motor.

3.0.2. Copper wire for armatures
2 1000 ft rolls no. 35

12" Pulley wheel, with mounting supports

0' braided cable for pulley, with hook and eyelet

20 square copper brushes for armature
I have completed the winding of the first half of the armature and have almost completed the winding of the second half. It is a slow job because of the extreme thinness of the wire. My major problem right now with the motor is to obtain carbon blocks of the right size for the brush strips. I have contacted Bill Carboni's friend in New York and he may be able to help me obtain these.

The work as a whole is coming along very well.

Very truly yours,

William B. Washington

December 30th, 1948

Mr. William B. Washington
200 Norfolk Street
Cambridge, Mass.

Dear Mr. Washington:

Enclosed please find a check for $20. to cover your expenses for the motor of $7.25 and future expenses on this work.

Dr. Reich would like to know whether you can come to New York sometime in the middle of January, for a further discussion. Please let me know which date you could come here.

Sincerely yours,
Mrs Ilie Reich
Forest Hills, New York

Dear Mrs. Reich:

I received the letter and the check sent to cover purchases for the motor and am continuing construction work on the motor and other work. During the next several days I shall be pretty consistently occupied with reports and conferences on my thesis and it would be difficult to come to New York during this time. However I could see Dr. Reich two weeks from today, i.e., on Thursday, January 20 if that would be convenient. Or I could see him on the following Saturday, on January 22.

I am investigating any classical uses of the numbers 4 and 256, and intend to see Professor Groot, as Dr. Reich asked me to in his letter.

Very truly yours,

William B. Washington
ARCHIVES No. 95
of the ORGONE INSTITUTE

January 11th, 1949

Dear Mr. Washington:

The Council on Pharmacy and Chemistry of the American Medical Association, who has nothing whatsoever to do with orgone energy and cannot possibly understand anything about it, published a slanderous article against the orgone accumulator in the latest edition of the Journal of A.M.A. It will be necessary and even indispensable that the friends of our work who know that the orgone energy exists and is most essential in the comprehension of important physical issues, gather and do something to help our work along.

I wonder whether you would be willing to talk to Dr. Grout, to tell him the story, show him the article which was obviously written by some people interested in poaching parts of the pharmaceutical industry which is endangered by the discovery of the orgone energy, and to establish a commission of physicists who would be willing to do nothing more than to witness the Geiger-Müller reaction, the motor reaction and the vacuum illumination effect and to execute a legal document accordingly.

It is clear that, if these acts on the part of the plague continue and those who know that we are right do not step up and help with their factual judgment, our work will be in great danger to be smothered by the enemies of science and truth.

Please inform me as soon as possible of the result.

Sincerely yours,

Wilhelm Reich, M.D.
Thursday, February 3, 1949
200 N. Norfolk Street
Cambridge, Mass

Dr. Wilhelm Reich
Forest Hills, New York

Dear Dr. Reich:

I am sorry that it took thus long to secure the information you wanted, but most of the professors are away on mid-term vacations during the examination period. However, I was able to talk with a Mr. Martin, an instructor in the Engineering School. He says that he knows of no instance where any type of motor is utilized to drive the loudspeaker of a radio, nor of any type of loudspeaker which contains a motor. The only case of motors being utilized in radio that he knew of were those used in generators to generate electricity on which a radio might operate away from power lines.

It was his belief that there exists at present no device which transforms radio-energy received from an antenna into motor energy, though he could not be certain of this. His advice was to contact the U.S. Patent Office for information on this. He felt that even if there were such a device, if yours utilized the principle in a different and useful way, it would still be patentable.

This was all the information I was able to obtain on the subject at this time.

Very truly yours,

William B. Washington
Sunday, February 13, 1949

227 Peabody St.
Cambridge, Mass.

Dr. Wilhelm Reich
Great Niles, N.Y.

Dear Dr. Reich:

I have made the following purchases incident to the construction of our dyno line on the motors and secondary coil systems:

- 200 flat steel strips 10" x 1/4" - 4.75
- 250 6" x 1/4" - 2.55
- 300 feet no. 14 stranded wire - 4.25
- Replacement armature coil, pulley systems - 5.00
- Mounting strips - 13.25

I now have all the parts required for both motors and both secondary coil systems except the frames for the mounting of the motors armatures.
and I have a promise of 2 weeks delivery on these.

I do not have noted in my book how many type you
wrote on the secondary of the sec. coil systems, so it ran
 provisionally 4, but this can be changed if desired.

In addition to this work, I have been able to make
further investigations into the other problem. I can see you to
discuss this and the other work this Saturday, February 17th, at
3:30 P.M., if that will be convenient.

I expect to see Professor Grant, this week.

Very truly yours,

John B. Washington
Monday, March 14, 1949

200 Norfolk Street

Dear Dr. Reid:

I am writing to ask if it would be possible for you to advance me $50 of next month's remuneration. It is necessary to pay a University Dissertation fee, which my family cannot pay at this time, but expect to do so in a few weeks. I very greatly appreciate your kindness in this.

I can see you one week from this Saturday, that is on March 25 at 3:30, if that would be convenient.

Sincerely yours,

A. B. Washington
Dear Dr. Reich:

I would like very much to see you this Saturday, April 23, if that would be convenient, to discuss the work. I do have at this time certain specific problems concerning the motor and concerning the ether that I think can be more readily approached through discussion.

3:30 in the afternoon would be a good time, if that would be convenient for you.

Very truly yours,

[Signature]
ARCHIVES of the ORGONE INSTITUTE

Saturday May 7, 1949
200 Norfolk St.
Cambridge, Mass.

Dear Dr. Reich

I was able to obtain the following parts for the third motor thus far:

- 100 Ft. no. 12 d.c.e. enameled wire $2.54
- aluminum cylinder core 1.75
- castings and mould for core 4.75
- mounting strips, bors and hardware 3.00

Total: $11.03

The physical dimensions of this motor will be slightly larger than the other two since it requires somewhat more windings where the motor is wound in four-way apposition.

Also it would be very convenient for me if it were possible for you to advance me $20.00 at this time, as graduating from Harvard is turning out to be considerably more expensive than I expected.

Thank you very much.

Sincerely yours,

William B. Washington

Sept. 10, 1949
Dear Mr. Washington:

I would appreciate it if you would let me know when I can expect you at Ojgonon. Would it be possible for you to send off the two motors which you built, together with the coils, well packed, at the earliest possible date. I would like to start experimenting.

May I also ask you to find out for me whether there is anything known in the literature on the Aurora Borealis about a luminating ring appearing a few degrees South of the zenith of the observer at about 40 degrees northern latitude.

Furthermore, I would appreciate it if you could provide for this laboratory a good sextant. I know that there are some war surplus sextant to be had rather cheaply. I would also need a small scale model of the planetary system, if such models exist. Write soon.

Best wishes,

Yours,

Wilhelm Reich, M.D.

January 3rd, 1949

Mr. William E. Washington
200 Norfolk Street
Cambridge, MA.

Dear Mr. Washington:

I shall discuss the problem of transformation of org into org with you at your next visit here. In the meantime, I would appreciate it if you could find out for me whether anything of importance is known in mathematical literature on the number 4 and 256. Eddington mentions 256 as a curious, recurring number.

I guess that you could save much time if you would care to call Dr. Crout and to ask him for advice and whether he knows anything about it or whether he could tell you where you could find this information easily.

Let me know when you are coming to New York.

Sincerely yours,

Wilhelm Reich, M.D.
Copy of letter from William Washington to the Orgone Institute

June 1, 1949
International House
The University of Chicago

Dr. Wilhelm Reich
Orgonean, Maine

Dear Dr. Reich:

I will be at the University of Chicago for about a week, to discuss certain portions of my thesis with Professor Carnap, before it is prepared for publication. The motors will be shipped to you as soon as I return to Cambridge. Thanks very much for the $25.00 advance on my check. I am making enquiries as you wished concerning a sextant and a compass, and will send this information to you.

Please address any reply to my Cambridge address as I shall return there from here, and hope to be in Rangeley about June 20.

Looking forward to seeing you,

Yours truly,

William B. Washington
Thursday, June 23, 1949
1320 Arnold Avenue
Chicago Heights, Illinois

ARCHIVES
of the
Dr. Wilhelm Reich
Orionon, Maine
C. G. CONE
I. INSTITUTE

Dear Dr. Reich:

I am sorry to have to report that I was unable to leave for Cambridge last week as intended. My father suffered a recurrence of a former injury which has resulted in what is apparently a permanent disability. In order to help meet hospital bills and operating expenses, it has been necessary for me to temporarily take a job in a radio repair shop. I have no right to ask for further advances nor do I wish to further impose on your generosity but under present circumstances it would be impossible for me to come to Maine before sometime in August, if it were possible to secure from you the loan of $75 I could leave here about the first of July. My intention would be to secure a job in the town of Rangeley, in addition to the eight hours I would spend in the lab, in order to help my family back on his feet.

It is quite possible and understandable that under these conditions you will not wish to continue the work. In this case with regard to the motors I can have someone at the Harvard physics lab dis-assemble and ship them to you. This I did not wish to do both because of the confidential character of the work and because I feared the motor effect would be lost if extreme care were not exercised in dismantling some of the more intricate components.

I wish to express my extreme appreciation for the priceless knowledge and understanding you have imparted to me during the past two years. When this cooperation is resumed, whether early next month or at some other time, I hope it will be still more fruitful for your work, and for myself.

Sincerely yours,

William B. Washington
LOAN NO. 9272

This is to notify you that your loan is overdue. A public auction of unredeemed pledges will be held

Your [date] will be included unless you pay interest in full or part on or before that date.

Yours very truly,
CITY LOAN CO.
July 1, 1924

Dr. William Reed

Dr. B. Reed

Chicago Heights, Illinois

...
Friday, July 1, 1934
1320 Arnold Avenue
Chicago Heights, Illinois

Dr. Wilhelm Reich
Organon, Maine

Dear Dr. Reich:

Thank you very much for the check. I am sure I shall very much appreciate it. I shall be able to complete among other things the new manuscript. Although I shall have to go to Cambridge just to carry my research work out, and misfortune and I shall have to return there as immediately as possible.

Thank you again, for your generosity and your patience.

Sincerely yours,

[Signature]
SOVIET SETS A TASK FOR PSYCHOLOGISTS

Special to The New York Times.

MOSCOW, July 27—The leading philosophical journal of the Soviet Union, Problema of Philosophy, has called upon Soviet psychologists to undertake wide-scale critical discussion of basic psychological problems and the tasks and trends of their whole work.

The journal, which is the organ of the Institute of Philosophy of the Academy of Sciences, declared that there was "sharp necessity" for such discussions after the publication of an article by M. N. Maslina called "Bolshevik Party Spirit in Questions of Psychology," which charged that Soviet psychologists had neglected to place "pseudo-scientific concepts of bourgeois psychology under sharp and irreconcilable criticism."

The task was described as particularly urgent because foreign psychologists now have "openly entered the service of imperialism, propagandizing the most unshamed ideological immorality and illusion." The critic declared Soviet psychologists must make their central problem the study of the peculiarities of the psyche of the Soviet man and the study of the psychical image of the Soviet people in a period of gradual transition from socialism to communism.

The article says vast changes have occurred in the human psyche under the Soviet regime and that the people who built socialism and defended it in war "have a different quality from the man of capitalist society."

"Already in our day under the conditions of socialist society," it goes on, "a spiritual rejuvenation of the personality is taking place and a new, powerful flowering of the man of future generations is being prepared."

Mickey Sharaf will be in Boston tomorrow and has the order to receive the motors from you and to bring them to Orgonon. We must say, that your failure to deliver the motors was most unpleasant and unfortunate, since the work with them for this summer seems lost. Would you kindly also give him the coils and all the other material which you received in Forest Hills.

Should you feel that your situation does not permit you to work at the Orgone Institute this summer for the amount which the Institute can pay you, we would appreciate it if you would frankly say so.

Sincerely yours,

ADMINISTRATIVE DIRECTOR
Dear Dr. Carnap:

The purpose of this letter is to inquire about the whereabouts of Mr. William Washington who has studied with you some time ago. The story is shortly the following: Mr. Washington was introduced to the Orgone Institute through Mr. Myron Sharaf in 1947, and he worked for the laboratory for more than 2 years on different theoretical and practical problems. In 1947, Mr. Washington witnessed the discovery of the motor force in cosmic orgone energy at Orgonon, Rangeley, Maine, and in 1948 he assisted Wilhelm Reich in the further elaboration of this discovery, especially in its application to a special type of motor system. During the winter season of 1948/49, Mr. Washington was engaged by the Orgone Institute to build two larger orgone energy motors for further experimentation. All through 1947 until July 1949, Mr. Washington received a remuneration of about $100 per month for 2 or 3 hours daily work. He also received additional funds to purchase equipment needed for the building of the motor models. He was scheduled for further work at the laboratories in Orgonon, Rangeley, Maine, in the beginning of June. Now, the following happened:

At the end of May, Mr. Washington requested a further $25, which he needed for his graduation at Harvard. This money was sent to him. In the same letter he mentioned that he would go to Chicago to see Dr. Carnap about his thesis for a few days, before coming to Maine. Most of the month of June passed and Mr. Washington did not come. On June 23rd, we received a letter from him from Chicago, saying that his father was ill, that he was held up and that he would need $75 to come to Orgonon during the first week in July. We sent him $100 and expected his arrival. We have not heard from him directly since that time.

We cannot assume that Mr. Washington is dishonest. Now, Mr. Washington knows some very important secrets about the motor force in cosmic orgone energy. We, therefore, began to worry that either
the red fascists or some similar organization has kidnapped him, especially since he did not answer several letters and telegrams sent to his Chicago address. In answer to our last telegram of August 3rd, his brother called us the same day and told us on the telephone that Mr. William Washington has left Chicago on Monday, July 25th, after receiving a telegram from the University of Chicago telling him to go to Oak Ridge, Tennessee, and that his family has not heard from him since nor do they have any forwarding address for him.

We do not know where the motor models which Mr. Washington built for us during the past winter in Cambridge, Mass., are located at present, and the whole situation seems incomprehensible to us, incompatible with William Washington's character.

We wonder whether you could help us in locating Mr. Washington and in obtaining contact with him. Any help would be greatly appreciated as the whole situation is an extremely critical one. The specific aspect of the work Mr. Washington was engaged upon is of the utmost importance and it has been completely held up because of his inexplicable absence.

Sincerely yours,

Ilse Ollendorff
Administrative Director

CC: University of Chicago, Chicago, Ill.
    Atomic Energy Commission, Oak Ridge, Tennessee
    Prof. Quine, Dept. of Mathematics, Harvard University, Cambridge
    Arthur Garfield Hays, New York
    Peter Mills, Farmington, Maine

First part of conversation with Sharaf:

Sharaf: What has happened to you?

Washington: It is a long and involved story....Very hard to discuss...

Sharaf: Where have you been?

Washington: I had an application with the Argonne laboratories earlier. Then I started working for them in June. On July 25 I went to Oak Ridge, Tennessee... I have been back in Chicago for a week... Working with Argonne...

S: Why didn't you answer our letters? We've been so perplexed about you...

Wash: It's pathological... It's very involved and incredible...

S: Can you write us about it?

W: Not now... Too complicated... Pathological, incredible...

S: What about the motors?

W: I had the motors working, then I worked on them some more and lost the rotary effect... Took them apart; they are now in parts...

At the physics laboratory at Harvard...

S: Can you come up here? What are your plans?

W: The job isn't permanent with Argonne... Don't know what is going to happen... Plans are indefinite... When is Dr. Reich coming to New York?

Second part of the conversation:

Reich: Why don't you ask him if he were kidnapped?

S: Were you kidnapped?

W: I don't know...

R: Were you kidnapped? Yes or no...

W: Yes, in a way...
R: Can you speak freely now?
W: No, not now... not completely...
R: Can you write us?
W: No, not now, maybe later...
R: Just answer my questions... I'll ask the questions and you just answer yes or no, in case you can't talk... Can you come up here?
W: Not now, maybe in September...
R: Does this have anything with the publications, with your name being mentioned in the Bulletin?
W: Probably it does...
R: Does it involve the motors?
W: No.
R: Does it involve the work? Has it anything to do with us...
W: I think it involves the whole work.
R: Were you interrogated?
W: Yes.
R: Did you give away any secrets? Did you tell them the equations?
W: No.
R: Do you need any help?
W: No, maybe later.
R: Are you aware of what is going on?
W: No.
R: Is the military involved?
W: Yes, in a way...
R: Bill, you are not indecent, are you?
W: No...
R: You are still the same decent fellow you were...
W: Yes...
R: All right then; I'll be patiently waiting.
Miss Ilse Ollendorff
Administrative Director,
Orgone Institute Research Laboratories
Rangeley, Me.

Dear Miss Ollendorff,

Your letter of August 5th concerning Mr. William Washington was forwarded to my summer address where it reached me only today.

I am sorry that I cannot be of any help to you. It is quite possible that Mr. Washington has been a student of mine, either at Chicago or at Harvard, but I do not recall him - he certainly was not in the last years. And he has not been in communication with me either. He may have had the intention to see me in Chicago, but up to the time of June 17th when I left town he had not appeared, I do not know anything about a thesis of his either.

I shall be glad to notify you if and when he should get in touch with me.

Sincerely yours,

Rudolf Carnap

Telegram 8/17/49 to:
Argonne Laboratories, University of Chicago, Chicago, Ill.

SPOKE LAST NIGHT TO WILLIAM WASHINGTON. PLEASE CONFIRM HIS PRESENCE AT ARGONNE LABORATORIES. OUR REASON IS STILL SUSPICION OF DETENTION BY SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATION. FOR ORGONE INSTITUTE, MYRON R. SHARAF
Excerpts from Mike Rothenburg's letter to M. S. Aug. 20, 1949.

"...there is a guy here who is a member of the Society of Fellows at Harvard. He tells me that Bill Washington is not a member of the Society, and that his name never was brought up as far as the recommendation committee.

When I said that Bill had received his letter of acceptance in the summer of 1948, this fellow said that it did not make any sense because the letters are sent out in March, and that the appointments begin in June, not Sept. Do you remember that we actually never saw the letter, that Bill lost it immediately after receiving it (I spent a half hour looking for it with him, walking down the road to Omaha's)

I don't know whether this has any bearing on the situation with Bill now, but I thought you should know about it."
PROTOCOL - CONVERSATION BETWEEN MR. MAYER, SECURITY OFFICER OF THE ARGONNE LABORATORIES, UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO, AND MYRON SHARAF OF THE ORGONE INSTITUTE. August 22, between 2:30 and 3 O'clock p.m., conversation lasting 10 to 15 minutes.

Mr. Mayer: This is Mr. Mayer, security officer of the Argonne Laboratories. We have your telegram concerning Mr. Washington. Can you tell me where your laboratories are located and something about them? Are you the director?

Mr. Sharaf: Our laboratories are located in Orgonon, Rangeley, Maine. I am an assistant here; Dr. Reich is the director. The laboratories study orgone energy; you can find out more about it from the literature or from Dr. Reich directly. Can you tell me if Mr. Washington is at your laboratories?

Mr. Mayer: I couldn’t answer definitely yes or no, but so far we have not been able to locate him. Orgone - orgonon - I haven’t heard of that. Does your laboratory have any official connection with atomic research? Does the AEC know what you are doing?

S.: The laboratory has no connection with atomic research. It is a completely different kind of research. The AEC knows about it. You have no information concerning Mr. Washington?

M.: No, not as yet. We were concerned what you meant by: "our reason is still suspicion of detention by subversive organization." You realize the situation....

S.: The communists are very inimical toward the work we are doing, and we suspected they may have held him. We heard from him Aug. 16 and he said he was working for you and had been working for you since June. He was supposed to have started working here in Orgonon for us in June. He has been an assistant for us for two years. His absence was completely inexplicable until we received the phone call. Now you say you don’t know
him?
M.: No, we have no information on him as yet. You say he has been under contract to you. What kind of work was he doing?
S.: Mathematical and physical research.
M.: Did he have any university degrees?
S.: He received his bachelor's degree from the University of Chicago and this spring he received an advanced degree from Harvard University.
M.: We will try to help you find him. Where did he call you from?
S.: From Chicago Heights.
M.: Do you know his address?
S.: 1320 Arnold Avenue, Chicago Heights, Ill. What is your position at the Argonne Laboratories?
M.: I am the security officer here. We haven't anything yet, but we will call you back in a few days and let you know if we have found anything concerning Mr. Washington.
August 28, 1949

Mr. William Washington
1820 Arnold Avenue
Chicago Heights, Illinois

Dear Bill:

We are still very perplexed about your phone call of August 16. Can you tell us more about how and why the Argonne laboratories have detained you? If it is not the Argonne laboratories who are responsible for your absence, it would save us a great deal of time and effort if we knew it now, before we pursued the matter further. If the pathological condition you mentioned over the phone were personal, please do not feel embarrassed about it, but just tell us and the matter will drop there. We have more to lose. If on the other hand, as we gathered from your call, you are being held by the Argonne laboratories because of your connection with orgone research, then we will no spare no effort to get to the bottom of it. The ABC has full information about orgone research and if they wanted to know more they could contact Dr. Reich directly. To detain an assistant working for another laboratory is not a decent way to go about securing information.

It would help us a great deal and would remove some of the mystery that shrouds the whole matter if you would tell us how your present association came about with the Argonne laboratories. Did you apply for a job directly with them, or did they call you in because of your application from a time before you were working for the Orgone Institute? Are you in a position to tell us anything about it? I believe you should know how much time, worry and effort this is costing us, and that we are still very much in the dark over the whole thing. Please tell us all you possibly can.

Yours,

Myron R. Shara

[Signature]
Mr. Ilse Ollendorff  
Orgone Institute Research Laboratories  
Orgonon  
Rangeley, Maine  

Dear Sir:  

Your letter addressed to Professor Quine has come to this office since Professor Quine has been absent from Cambridge on leave since the first of February. I am sending the letter to Mr. Quine in California by airmail in the hope that it will reach him before he starts East. He is not due back in Cambridge until the opening of college, about September 25th. I have no way of telling what he personally knows about Mr. Washington but in the hope that I might be able to help you I have checked with the central record office of the University and find that they have no record of anyone by the name of William Washington having been connected with the University in any capacity, either student or faculty.  

I should perhaps explain that your letter reached me instead of the office of the mathematics department, since Professor Quine is a member of this department, though some students of mathematics do work with him in the special field of symbolic logic.  

Sincerely yours,  

[Signature]

Secretary
Statement by Myron Sharaf on the facts he knows about William Washington's background as a mathematician and physicist, made on August 30th, 1949, at Oregon, Rangeley, Maine, to Dr. Wilhelm Reich and Ilse Ollendorff.

I met William Washington in Chicago in September 1944, on the campus of the University of Chicago. We were both enrolled as undergraduate students of the liberal arts. We attended the social science courses together and I knew that William Washington took courses in the physical sciences and humanities.

I knew that William Washington was president of an undergraduate student organization at the University of Chicago. This information was given to me by William Lane, Sylvia Lake, and Harold Domashe. The same people said that he graduated from the undergraduate college of the University of Chicago.

He lived next door to me in the same dormitory. We had many conversations on physics and philosophy. I gave him the Function of the Organs to read, which he did with great interest. In our talks he showed a great understanding of orgone theory and of its connection with classical science.

I left the University of Chicago in December 1944. I saw him occasionally on furloughs, on leave from the army at the University of Chicago at which time we read together various issues of the Journal. His interest was very strong and he evidenced a desire to work as a physicist for the Orgone Institute.

I know as a fact that in the beginning of September 1947, he started to attend Professor Quine's seminars in mathematical logic. Michael Rothenberg attended one class with him, and several other students also saw him regularly in Quine's classes. He was also present at several other courses at Harvard that I attended, such as Philip Frank's course in The Philosophy of Physics, and Dr. Lindemann's course in Dynamic Psychology. I know that he was not regularly enrolled in these courses. He told me at that time that he had a special arrangement with Quine concerning the attendance of these courses on a regular basis.

William Washington reported to Mrs. Anna Sharaf that he had worked at the Atomic Energy Commission in Hanford project at Oak Ridge, Tennessee. He was taken on his word. We never saw any documents concerning his status, either at Harvard University or Oak Ridge. I did see the few volumes of notes he had that he was working on for his thesis in mathematical logic.

ARCHIVES
OF THE
GERSH
INSTITUTE
Myron P. Sharaf
August 30, 1949
Dear Miss Ollendorff,

Mr. Washington, about whom you inquired in your letter of Aug. 24, was known to me in Cambridge. He once came to my office for a talk with me, and subsequently he attended my classes on an informal basis. I do not know if his ever having been enrolled in the university.

I can state with certainty that he was never admitted as a candidate for the Ph.D. at Harvard, and that he was never invited to become a member of the Society of Fellows, nor offered any teaching position at Harvard.

Sincerely yours,

Willard V. Quine
August 31, 1949

Security Officer
Argonne Research Laboratories
University of Chicago
Chicago, Illinois

Dear Mr. Hayter:

This letter is a further inquiry about Mr. William Washington. On August 22 you phoned me and reported that you had as yet not been able to locate Mr. Washington, but that you would call back in a few days to let us know whether you had any further information. We have not heard from you as yet.

The affair William Washington is not only mysterious but also vitally important to this research laboratory. It is of life importance for us to learn as soon as possible whether he is at your laboratories or whether he is a swindler who went off with some of our secrets. We would appreciate it if you would be kind enough to help us clear up this mystery.

Sincerely yours,

Myron R. Sharaf
Myron R. Sharaf, Ass't.

September 2, 1949

Mr., James Washington
1300 Arnold Avenue
Chicago Heights, Illinois

Dear Mr. Washington:

We are still in the dark and very perplexed over the protracted absence of Mr. William Washington from our laboratories. Could you give us any information about him? Is he working now for the Argonne laboratories? Any help you could give us in this matter would be greatly appreciated. The whole affair is of life importance to our work.

Sincerely yours,

Administrative Director
Mr. William Washington  
1320 Arnold Avenue  
Chicago Heights, Illinois  

Dear Mr. Washington:

Mr. Rothenberg went to the physics laboratories at Harvard in order to obtain the motors. The custodians at all the laboratories said they had no record of the motors nor any record of any association with you. They said they would need more specific information as to exactly where the motors are before they could help Mr. Rothenberg. Would you please send to us at once exact information concerning the location of the motors - building, floor, locker, etc.?  
The situation is very serious; we must have the motors for our work here.

Sincerely yours,

Administrative Director.
September 6, 1949

Honorable Sumner Pike
Atomic Energy Commission
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Pike:

You may remember me as an associate of your Bowdoin classmate Luther Whittier in your speaking dates here at Farmington before the Rotary Club and the State Teachers College a year ago.

I have a client, Dr. Wilhelm Reich, of Forrest Hills, N.Y. and Rangeley, Maine, who has had close associations with one William Washington, a negro physicist and mathematician of the University of Chicago and Harvard. They have had considerable work together and there is some outstanding financial obligation of Washington to Dr. Reich. More important than this is an obligation of Washington's to complete certain work in research with Dr. Reich.

Mr. Washington failed to show up for the work planned at Rangeley this summer. Information has come to Dr. Reich that he has become associated with the Atomic Energy Commission. Many endeavors to locate Mr. Washington have brought nothing except a rather mysterious phone call from him in Chicago a few weeks ago.

Can you tell me if there is a William Washington in the employ or associated with the Commission? If so can you give me his address? As above stated he is colored. He is not believed to have intentionally neglected his obligations to Dr. Reich.

Thank you for anything you may be able to do in this connection. I hope you have enjoyed a vacation at Lubec this year. Maine is certainly at its best these September days.

Sincerely yours,

cc: Dr. Reich

by Peter Mills
between No. 109

Protocol of conversation with James Washington and
William Washington and the Orgone Institute, on the evening
of September 7, 1949 between 9:25 and 9:45 P.M. ARCHIVES
of the
ORGONE
INSTITUTE

James Washington: This is James Washington.
Sharaf: This is Myron R. Sharaf. We would like to know
about Bill? Do you know where he is working now?
J.W.: I don't know. We can't reach him when he is at work.
S.: Do you think he is free to contact us or is he under
someone's control?
J.W.: I think he is under control...
S.: Does he go to work every day?
J.W.: No, just somedays, and we can't reach him.
S.: Does he say anything about the work here, anything
about the motors?
J.W.: No, all he talks about is the countryside; he doesn't
speak very much; he is very quiet...
Reich: Ask him if he is planning to come up here...
S.: Is he planning to come up here?
J.W.: I don't know.
Reich: Can we speak to Washington?
J.W.: Yes.
R.: Put him on.
Washington: Hello.
Reich: This is Reich. Listen, Mr. Washington, we are very
perplexed about you... We want a clear story to clear up the
mystery... Why haven't you answered all the letters written?
Why did you keep writing for money? Where are
the motors?
Washington: The work I am doing here is restricted.
I should be done in about three weeks.
Then I plan to come up to Rangeley. I have been working on the motors here...should have something done in a few weeks...work for them is restricted...Reich: I am not interested in their work...I am interested in our work...Are you being kept there because of your connection with our work?

William Washington: Yes...That goes back to our conversation of August 25...It is quite a problem —

Reich: Do they know you are talking with us now?

Washington: Yes.

Reich: Mr. Washington, there are some people here who believe you are swindler...I and one doctor believe you are not...Tell me are you a crook?

Washington: No.

R.: Are you a swindler?

W.: No.

R.: You have confidence in me? You would tell me if you were?

W.: Certainly.

R.: I hope I am right and not the other workers here. Tell me, do they know that I offered them everything about my discovery? Why did they then detain an assistant?

W.: I don't know. I think that is pathological on their part.

R.: Do they realize that?

W.: I am not sure.

R.: Do they know we are very puzzled by it?

W.: I think so.

R.: Are they aware of the cosmic orgone energy problem?

W.: I think so. I don't know to what ends they plan to
R.1: You are still being interrogated?
W.1: Yes.
R.1: When will you be through?
W.1: In a month or two.
R.1: Listen, Mr. Washington, could you help explain the following fact? We have written to various people - Quine, Carnap - and no one has ever heard of you...What does that mean?
W.1: It is very peculiar...
R.1: Is it possible that they have told everybody who knew you not to say anything about you?...Somebody whispered something to you...Why don't they let you speak? Is somebody else there?
W.1: Yes Y...Yes...
R.1: Put him on the phone.....Let him speak....
W.1: (No answer)
R.1: Listen, give them the following message...Write it down....Tell them that I am an old fox in science, I am a real natural scientist...I have written them many letters and they didn't answer...They were very friendly, but somehow they didn't care about it...Now there is no need to go this way...They could be decent about it...It is very stupid...Tell them that I have the whole secret of the cosmic or some energy in my head...tell them that....
R.1: What particular aspect of the work is the emphasis in the questioning on?
W.1: On the whole direction...Generally....
R.1: Can you speak freely about it, or is it better not to?
W.1: Better not to now.
R.1: Did they ask you about the pendulum equation?
W.: Yes...
R.: How did they know about it? I think I wrote it once to them...Is the questioning being carried on in a friendly manner way?
W.: Yes, on the surface...
R.: What else is involved in it beside the orgone energy?
W.: I think - the political side...
R.: What political? There is no political... Wait a minute, is Russian psychology involved in it? There recently appeared a mention indirectly about me in a Russian journal... They are very much against me now... Does it involve that?
W.: Yes.
R.: I thought so. I was right again. I & anybody else there now... I mean, beside your brother...
W.: Yes...
R.: Give him my greetings...
Mr. Liston, Mr. Washington, I hope that I am right that you are not a swindler, and not the others here who believe you are... They think that we should send the police after you... Do you think we should?
W.: No.
R.: Well, then, you have to help us clear up the mystery... Write us all about why you did not come, what happened to the motors, everything... Write us what you can... That you have to do... You must write... You must keep in touch with us during the next few weeks... Let us know when you are coming...
W.: Yes, I will...
R.: All right. Good-bye. All through. Finished.

Protocol Taken by Myron P. Sherif
Signed by Myron P. Sherif, 10/12/1939
September 8, 1949

Dear Mr. Mills:

It is nice to hear from you and remember the pleasant experience I had in Farmington a year ago.

I am afraid I can't be of much use to you in the matter of Mr. Washington. His name doesn't show up in any of our personnel records here although he might very well be at the University of Chicago engaged in some work related to our own without our knowing anything about it. It may very well be that a letter to the University out there might get you the information desired.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Sumner Pike
/t/ Sumner T. Pike

Mr. Peter Mills
Mills and Mills
Farmington, Maine
Conversations on Sept. 8, 1949 between Ralph Mayer, National Security Officer of the Argonne Research Laboratories and Myron E. Sharaf and Dr. Wilhelm Reich of the Orgone Institute, between 5:30 and 6:30 P.M.

First conversation: 5:30 P.M.
Mr. Mayer: This is Mr. Mayer. Has the Orgone Institute any connection with the government activity? 
Mr. Sharaf: No, it is a completely private organization. Can you tell me if Mr. Washington is there or not? We must know here, whether he is there or whether he is a swindler. 
Mr. Mayer: I will have to call you back... I don't have my files here...
Mr. Sharaf: Can you tell us whether he is there or not? By this time it should be clear whether he is... he spoke to you August 22 and wrote after that... it is of life importance to this laboratory to know whether he is there or not...
Mr. Mayer: You mentioned in your telegram "subversive organization..." That puts the matter in a different category... I'll have to get my files and call you back... In a half hour.
Mr. Sharaf: I'll be waiting here...

Second conversation: 6:15 P.M.
Mr. Mayer: This is Mr. Mayer speaking. In answer to your question, Mr. Washington has never been employed by Argonne Laboratories, and he has never applied for a position.
Mr. Sharaf: He has never worked for you.
Mr. Mayer: I have checked the files and he has never been an employee of our laboratories.
Mr. Sharaf: Do you think it possible that he could be held
by the red fascists?

Mayer: What makes you think that he might be?
Shara?: His unexplained absence from our laboratories and the fact that the red fascists hate our work.
Mayer: What is the nature of your work?
Shara?: We explained in the literature of the Orgone Institute. I couldn't go into it in a few minutes. It deals with the cosmic orgone energy which has tremendous implications. The communists are threatened by it and are inimical to it.
Mayer: Since Mr. Washington is not on record here, I suggest that you take the matter to the FBI.
Dr. Reich: We had a telephone conversation with Mr. Washington and he said that he was interrogated by you, that he was detained by you. Yes.
Mr. Mayer: I had a conversation with Mr. Washington.

Dr. Reich: You are sure he is not there?
Mayer: He is not employed here. Mayer: What do you suggest we should do? Since your laboratories are not connected with the government, I suggest that you take the matter to the FBI.
Dr. Reich: Yes, that is what we will do. Thank you very much.

--

[Handwritten note:]

Signed by Byron P. Shea
Oct. 10, 1959
Protocol of conversation between Mr. William Washington and the Orgone Institute, Sept. 16, 1949 between 9 p.m. and 9:15 p.m.

Dr. Reich: Mr. Washington, how are you?

Washington: Pretty good.

Reich: What is going on?

Washington: Can come to Maine in 2 weeks...My work will be definitely over then...There are still some difficulties, but they are not too great...They are interested still in the physical, but they appreciate the psychiatric...They don't understand completely what is going on...They know the fact of the motor, but not much beyond that...I feel much better...There is no ill-will intended...Manner is friendly...Conditions less restricted...I am at the Depeage County Laboratory...I am sure because it is right on the site...I think I am registered there...

Reich: Are the communists involved in any way?

Washington: Yes, I think so, but it is difficult to say...

Sharaf: Where are the motors exactly?

Washington: Jefferson laboratory...Enter from the yard...From there go downstairs...Turn to the right in the basement...Motors in a locker...Will mail the key.
PROTOCOL ON CONVERSATION BETWEEN MR. MYRON M. SHARAF OF THE
ORGONE INSTITUTE AND MR. A. F. MILLER OF THE FBI, FEDERAL COURT
HOUSE, FOLEY SQUARE, NEW YORK CITY, N. Y. CONVERSATION HELD
BETWEEN 3 P.M. AND 4:30 P.M. ON SEPT. 29, 1949.

ARCHIVES
OF THE
ORGONE
INSTITUTE

Mr. Sharaf began the conversation by introducing himself as an assistant
of the Orgone Institute, and said that he wished to present a problem for
their consideration and advice. He sketched for Mr. Miller a brief background
of the nature of orgone energy research; he emphasized particularly the
reaction of orgone energy at the Geiger-Mueller Counter and its utilization
in the running of a motor. Mr. Miller expressed surprise concerning this
and said that he had never heard about orgone energy. Mr. Sharaf went on
to say that the AEC had been informed about the research, subscribed to the
literature, and while interested in the research that was going on, had not
yet given the matter serious investigation. Mr. Sharaf reported that Dr.
Reich, director of the Orgone Institute Research Laboratories, had repeatedly
warned the AEC about the importance of the discovery and particularly the
Geiger-Mueller and motor reactions, and had warned of the danger that the
discovery would be utilized by foreign, particularly communist, countries, and not
by the U.S.

Mr. Sharaf then went on to present a background concerning Mr. Washington,
following in the main the protocol on Mr. Washington that had been prepared
at Orgonon. He told Mr. Miller about Mr.'s coming to work for the Orgone
Institute Research Laboratories, Inc., in June 1947; his witnessing the
Geiger-Mueller reaction in the summer of '47, his working on theoretical, orgonometric
problems, his receiving $100 a month for 2-3 hours daily work during the
winter seasons of '46-'47, his also receiving $100 a month from Mr. Nathan
Sharaf (also mentioning earlier that the Sharaf family had introduced Mr.
Washington to the Orgone Institute), his working under Prof. Quine's according
to his words, for a Ph.D. in mathematics, his witnessing during the summer
of '48 when he worked again at Orgonon, Rangeley, Maine the running of a motor
with orgone energy and his working on the construction of an orgone energy
motor during the same summer, his working on the construction of more motors
during the winter season of '48-'49 at Cambridge, for which he received
additional funds for the purchase of parts, his scheduled coming to Orgonon
in June, his writing for funds for graduation from Harvard and for travel
expenses, his non-appearance over many weeks, the phone call from his brother
that he had gone to Oak Ridge. Mr. Sharaf presented a digest of the phone
calls then occurring between Mr. Washington and the Orgone Institute, and Mr.
Ralph Mayer of Argonne National Laboratories and the OK, emphasizing the
discrepancy in the reports. He also emphasized that Mr. Mayer had said that
Mr. W. was not employed at the laboratories, not that he was never there. Also
said that Mr. Mayer had advised us to turn the whole matter over to the FBI.
Report of last conversation with Mr. Washington, mentioning that Mr. Washington
had said, in answer to a question, that he thought communists might be involved
in some way, but wasn't sure. Also mentioning earlier the fact that during
one phone call a voice had whispered an answer to Mr. W. Concluded the factual
report by saying that Mr. Washington was supposed to have called Sept. 25 again
but had not. Also told Mr. Miller about Carnap's and Quine's letters, which
contradicted aspects of Mr. Washington's account of himself to the Orgone Institute.

All this was reported more consecutively and with more explanation than in...
Mr. Sharaf emphasized particularly that they did not wish to press any charges or make any charges against Mr. Washington. We were solely concerned with the prevention of any espionage or detection of any espionage that had already been committed; we were also concerned with the making sure that our own stand was on public record concerning this matter in case any plot were taking place against us. (Mr. Sharaf earlier went into the communist angle and the possibility W, was associated with them)

Mr. Miller fully understood. He asked if we had considered the possibility that Mr. Washington had "cracked up." We said we had, and in view of the letters from Carnap and Quine refuting earlier stories of his, there was the likelihood that he was a pathological liar. We wished to hold abeyance on this decision in case he would present an explanation that cleared himself. The fact that, prior to the incident with the motors and his non-appearance in the summer of 49, he had worked well, was very well-trained, spoke favorably for him. Also his maintaining contact with us. Even if he were a swindler, Mr. Sharaf repeated, we would not want any charges pressed against him. Mr. Miller assured Mr. Sharaf that the FBI was not the least bit interested in swindling per se, that that was completely out of their jurisdiction, and that all they were concerned with was the protection of the security of the country. He said the matter was so "hot" that he wanted to send it right off to Washington, D.C. since they controlled all such matters. Mr. Sharaf asked how Washington would proceed. He said there would probably be a very quiet investigation, they would consult with the AEC, they would find out what they could about Mr. Washington, but in a way that would not incriminate him in the slightest if he were not connected with any subversive organization. Mr. Miller had taken careful notes all along the way and asked intelligent questions. His whole manner was sympathetic. He said we did very well to make this a matter of public record. He said that though he knew nothing about orgone research, he could still see that there might be considerable dangers involved. He asked if we knew whether or not the AEC was working on the problem of orgone energy. We said that as far as we knew they were not and that they had not even investigated the reactions at the orgone laboratories though Dr. Reich had opened the laboratories to them for that purpose.

"But," Mr. Miller said, "they still might be working on it full steam ahead for all you know."

Mr. Sharaf admitted that possibility but said that we would be very indignant if it were so, in view of the fact that we have repeatedly offered them all information, and had warned that they should take it seriously. For them to work on it now without our cooperation would be most indecent behavior.

Mr. Sharaf said that the possibility had not been excluded that Mr. Washington was still connected with Argonne, in spite of the fact that they had referred us to the FBI. Mr. Miller agreed that this should not be excluded.

Mr. Sharaf stressed the long enmity of the communist party toward Dr. Reich's work, stemming from 1939. He mentioned the Brady and Wartsem articles in the New Republic, giving dates. Mr. Miller was very interested in this, making anote on it and including it in his report to Washington.

Together with his factual report, Mr. Miller prepared with Mr. Sharaf the following two paragraphs to be inserted in the report:

"This information is being reported because the directors of the Orgone Institute Research Laboratories, Inc. feel that it would be disadvantageous to the welfare of the U.S.A. for the information and knowledge in subject about Mr. Washington has concerning orgone energy, particularly its reaction at the Geiger-Muller counter.
and its utilization in running a motor to fall into Russian or other foreign agents' hands.

Also the directors of the Orgone Institute Research Laboratories are desirous of making it a matter of public record that they are not and never have been a part of any plot to divulge information nor are they connected with any activities that may be of a subversive nature on the part of Mr. William E. Washington.

The Orgone Institute Institute Research Laboratories Inc. are not making any specific charges or allegations against Mr. Washington."

Mr. Miller said that he wanted it to be made clear that he could not influence, nor could the FBI influence, the AEC to consider more seriously orgone energy research. All they could do was protest against espionage. Mr. Sharaf said that that was the purpose of Orgone Institute in presenting the material and emphasized again that unless there were subversive activities going on we did not want Mr. Washington inculminated in the slightest way. Mr. Miller then described how the FBI goes about things, assuring him that the whole investigation would be conducted in a most quiet way. In checking on his background, they would say that Mr. Washington had applied for a government job and that it was a routine check-up, etc.

to please

Mr. Sharaf asked Mr. Miller to delay submitting the report until Dr. Reich had heard of what had transpired, in case he wished to add or subtract anything and to make sure that he agreed to submitting it for action, since the purpose of Mr. Sharaf's visit was only to present the problem and get their advice. Mr. Miller agreed, but hoped that we would be able to submit it as soon as possible since he felt Washington should know about it even if there were only the faintest possibility of subversive goings-on.

It was agreed that Mr. Sharaf would come in again sometime next week, with final word on the report. At that time it would be typed up and mailed to Washington.

Protocol made and signed
by Alvan W. Sharaf
SECOND
PROTOCOL OF CONVERSATION BETWEEN MR. MYRON R. SHARAF OF
THE ORGONE INSTITUTE AND MR. A. F. MILLER OF THE FBI. HELD AT
ARCHIVES
THE FEDERAL COURTHOUSE BUILDING, 100 FOLEY SQUARE, NEW YORK CITY, N. Y.
ON OCT. 5 FROM 4 TO 5 P.M.
of the ORGONE INSTITUTE

During this conversation, Mr. Sharaf asked that the following points be included in the report on Mr. Washington, and Mr. Miller did include them:

1. That William Washington had all information about orgone energy in its antithetical action against atomic energy, and also the experimental data concerning the fact that orgone energy was antithetical to and stronger than electromagnetic energy. That this information would be a powerful weapon in the hands of the Russians.

2. That the Leningrad Library recently purchased The Cancer Bionopathy.

3. That communists may well have been in back of the FBI forced detention of Dr. Reich in 1941 and the fake police incident in 1942. The fake police incident was described to Mr. Miller and recorded by him.

4. That our further cooperation with the FBI required that we receive a report on Mr. Washington telling us whether:
   1. He is at the BESS
   2. He is a communist or held by the communists.
   3. He is a swindler.

In regard to the last point, Mr. Miller said that we would not be able to get any report concerning Washington, that this was an iron rule of their organization, and that their whole activity depended upon absolute secrecy in this regard. Even if he was a communist they might take months before they did anything about it in order to see if he might lead them to more communists. In no case could they give us any information until the entire matter was brought to court in a prosecution. Only a special edict by the Attorney General could change this ruling and allow the Orgone Institute to get a report on Mr. Washington. Mr. Sharaf stressed the point that the issues involved concerning orgone energy were extra-usual and that the Institute's need to know about Mr. Washington, particularly any connection with the communists, was vital in determining the Institute's future actions in protecting against exploitation of the orgone energy by the Russians and that also further research in orgone energy required our finding out where the motors were, and locating them that this was not a personal affair of merely tracking down an individual, but involved life-important matters concerning the orgone energy and its future use and protection. Mr. Miller said he understood our point of view, that we were giving all information and wanted some report back, but under their regulations it was impossible. The only way we would know about Mr. Washington was by what happened to him in the future: if he were allowed to go free, then the likelihood was that he was innocent. Of course, he said, this was not a sure proof since often they let people they knew are guilty go free for years, in order to find out more about them, their...
activities, associates etc. He mentioned that two German spies were allowed to go free for 2 years after they knew they were guilty, so that they could find out more about them.

Mr. Sharaf asked Mr. Miller if he would wait on sending in the report until he had conferred with Dr. Reich. Mr. Miller agreed.

Protocol made by Myron R. Sharaf
Protocol signed by Myron R.
Sharaf, Oct. 14, 1944.
4:30 and 5:30 P.M.

(After Mr. Sharaf's phone conversation with Dr. Reich on Oct. 5, Mr. Sharaf made an appointment with Mr. Miller for Monday, Oct. 10, to discuss the Washington matter further. However, on Monday Mr. Miller phoned to say that he had been taken out of the complaint department and that he had turned over all the information to Mr. Spillane. Mr. Sharaf contacted Mr. Spillane and made an appointment with him for Tuesday at 5:30.)

Mr. Spillane said that he had read over all the material. He wanted to know if we had any other indications that Washington might be associated with the communists other than what we had put down in the protocol. I only emphasized what had been recorded: that he had mentioned the communists in one of his phone conversations (to the effect that the com's might be involved in his detention), the fact that he had not appeared and had said that his delay was caused by the Argonne Laboratories, that the Laboratories said he was not an employee and had advised us to turn the whole matter over to the FBI, and - most significant - the long record of enmity on the part of the communists toward orgone research. I reviewed this record for Mr. Spillane as I had for Mr. Miller - 1941, 1942, Brady and consequences including FDA, etc. I stressed again the importance of orgone energy in terms of national defense against atomic radiation and the disaster if the Russians should make use of this while the Americans did not. Mr. Spillane said that in such matters before an investigation could take place they would have to have pretty strong evidence against the individual - so and so worked for Argonne and was seen handing something to Russian embassy man, or something similar. He asked if orgone research was government-sponsored at all, and if the information Mr. Washington had was considered confidential by the government. I answered "no" to the first question, though I mentioned that the AEC knew about the research and subscribed to the literature. Regarding the second point, I said that the information Washington had was confidential in terms of the details of the Geiger-Muller reaction, the motor, and certain mathematical equations, though it was not considered by the Government as such because they were not familiar with it; Dr. Reich had offered all cooperation to the AEC, but this offer had not been acted upon as yet. The information Mr. Washington had was definitely confidential in the sense that the Russians should not know about it. Mr. Spillane said that this was a matter the "experts" in Washington would have to decide, since he was not a scientist. I pointed out that there were no "experts" in this field of orgone research save those who worked with orgone energy, and that the scientists in Washington could only learn about it through cooperation with the Orgone Institute. If the AEC were obtaining information from Mr. Washington and by-passing the Orgone Institute now, then the ground would not be laid for such cooperation. The Orgone Institute had offered cooperation with the AEC and had warned them of the seriousness of the matter. Mr. Spillane said that on this matter we would have to confer with the AEC and the FBI was only concerned with violations of governmental laws, particularly espionage in this case. Whether the information Washington had was confidential or not, he said, "Washington, D.C. would have to decide." My remarks on their being no authorities did not penetrate. Mr. Spillane said that if a hospital discovered a new medical secret and were afraid of espionage on it, the FBI
Could do nothing about it unless the government specifically said the information was confidential. In other words, there would be no basis for an investigation of Washington unless the government scientists considered the information he had confidential and essential. If we wished to find out for ourselves who he was associating with, we would have to hire a private detective. If we wished to prosecute him in order to obtain the motors, it a complaint would have to be made out against him and handled through the Institute’s attorney; it would be a matter for the police and not the FBI. Mr. Spillane said he would send all the information given him on to the FBI in Washington for their examination. He said we could get no report on anything, not even whether an investigation took place; we could not get such a report even if we were supreme court judges, he said. I stressed again that we had not come to the FBI to satisfy our personal curiosity about Washington, but chiefly to help protect the U.S.A. against exploitation of Washington’s knowledge by the U.S.S.R. We wanted to know what the results of the investigation were only in broad outline, and not in details, again to help determine future actions regarding all matters concerning orgone energy; again we would be interested in preventing Russia from getting the lead over the U.S.A. in the use of orgone energy, especially militarily as a defense against atomic radiation. In order to best do this, we would have to know where Washington stood with regard to Russia. Mr. Spillane understood this, but said again we could get no report. He planned to send in the report to Washington, D.C., the next day or soon thereafter. I asked if he would wait until I conferred with Dr. Reich again, and he agreed.
E. Voorhees  
Assistant Dean of Students  
Division of Physical Sciences

October 14, 1949

Miss Ilse Ollendorff  
Administrative Director  
Orgone Institute Research Laboratories, Inc.  
99-06 Sixty-Ninth Avenue  
Forest Hills, New York

Dear Miss Ollendorff:

On August 19, 1949, you referred a copy of your letter to Dr. Rudolf Carnap about one Mr. William Washington, who had been in your employ and had apparently disappeared, to the Office of Admissions at the University of Chicago. We made inquiry at the various deans' offices where he might have appeared, and cannot find that he made any contact whatsoever. Dean Davey of our College had the last correspondence with him in the summer of 1948.

From our records, it is apparent that Mr. Washington never completed the work of our College and is far from any consideration of a thesis. We hope that in the ensuing time you have located the whereabouts of Mr. Washington.

Very truly yours,

H. E. Voorhees  
Assistant Dean of Students  
Division of Physical Sciences
Mr. J. Edgar Hoover  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

We found in the Archives of the Orgone Institute a photograph of William Washington which we enclose herewith. We refer you to our report on the mysterious disappearance of Mr. Washington.

Will you please add the enclosed photograph to our file in your department?

Yours sincerely,

[Signature]
Lois Wyvoll, Director  
Archives of the Orgone Institute  
THE WILHELM REICH FOUNDATION

January 2, 1953

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From Orgone Institute

Addressed to F.B.I., Washington, D. C.
Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Due to crucial developments in ORGONE research, we would like to remind you of the William Washington case which was reported to your bureau in 1949/50. The case is urgent. A photograph of this man who is either a schizophrenic or a Moscow Nadja spy, was sent to you a few months ago. We would appreciate speedy and thorough action.

Sincerely yours,

[Signature]

ORGONE INSTITUTE
Secretary
Projeto Arte Org
Redescobrindo e reinterpretando W. Reich

Caro Leitor
Infelizmente, no que se refere a orgonomia, seguir os passos de Wilhelm Reich e de sua equipe de investigadores é uma questão bastante difícil, polêmica e contraditória, cheia de diferentes interpretações que mais confundem do que ajudam.
Por isto, nós decidimos trabalhar com o material bibliográfico presente nos microfilmes (Wilhelm Reich Collected Works Microfilms) em forma de PDF, disponibilizados por Eva Reich que já se encontra circulado pela internet, e que abarca o desenvolvimento da orgonomia de 1941 a 1957.

Dividimos este “material” de acordo com as revistas publicadas pelo instituto de orgonomia do qual o Reich era o diretor.
01- International Journal of Sex Economy and Orgone Research (1942-1945).
02- Orgone Energy Bulletin (1949-1953)
03- CORE Cosmic Orgone Engineering (1954-1956)

E logo dividimos estas revistas de acordo com seus artigos, apresentando-os de forma separada (em PDF), o que facilita a organizá-los por assunto ou temas. Assim, cada qual pode seguir o rumo de suas leituras de acordo com os temas de seu interesse.
Todo o material estará disponível em inglês na nuvem e poderá ser acessado a partir de nossas páginas Web.

Sendo que nosso intuito aqui é simplesmente divulgar a orgonomia, e as questões que a ela se refere, de acordo com o próprio Reich e seus colaboradores diretos relativos e restritos ao tempo e momento do próprio Reich.
Quanto ao caminho e as postulações de cada um destes colaboradores depois da morte de Reich, já é uma questão que extrapola nossas possibilidades e nossos interesses. Sendo que aqui somente podemos ser responsáveis por nós mesmos e com muitas restrições.

Alguns destes artigos, de acordo com nossas possibilidades e interesse, já estamos traduzindo.
Não somos tradutores especializados e, portanto, pedimos a sua compreensão para possíveis erros que venham a encontrar.

Em nome da comunidade Arte Org.

Texts from the area emotional plague and society part two. The Supreme Court case. U.S.A. versus Reich.

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A Court Case
The background to Court Case

01 T.P. Wolfe. Emotional Plague versus Orgone Biophysics 1946
McF 515 T.P. Wolfe. Emotional Plague versus Orgone Biophysics 1946
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02 Wilhelm Reich The Red Thread of a Conspiracy 1955
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18 Brief for Michael Silvert, appellant, Orgonomic Physician 1956
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20 Wilhelm Reich Foundation vs. U.S.A. 1954-1957
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21 Brief for Appellant, The Wilhelm Reich Foundation 1956
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27 Petition for a writ of Certiorari 1957
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28 Petition to the United States Court of Appeals 1957
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Petition for a writ of Certiorari to the United States Court of Appeals for the First Circuit,
Supreme Court of the United States, October Term 1956 Number 688
"Wilhelm Reich, the Wilhelm Reich Foundation and Michael Silvert Petitioners
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29 Appendix 1956
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30 Supreme Court of the United States No 688 October Term 1956
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31 Brief for the United States in Opposition
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32 Wilhelm Reich vs. U.S.A. 1954-1957
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33 Petitioners Reply Brief - Feb. 18, 1957
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